

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 10.24.2014 Page 1 of 6

## **Cetyl Alcohol**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name : Cetyl Alcohol

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25675

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

**Manufacturer Details:** 

AquaPhoenix Scientific

9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

# **Supplier Details:**

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

# **Emergency telephone number:**

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture:

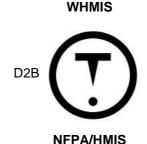
Not classified for physical or health hazards under GHS.

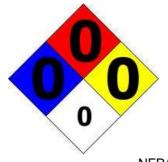
#### **Hazard statements:**

# **Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand Keep out of reach of children Read label before use

#### Other Non-GHS Classification:





NFPA SCALE (0-4)



HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 10.24.2014 Page 2 of 6

#### **Cetyl Alcohol**

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredients:		
CAS 36653-82-4	Cetyl alcohol	100 %
		Percentages are by weight

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### **Description of first aid measures**

**After inhalation:** Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical assistance if cough or other symptoms appear.

**After skin contact:** Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.

**After eye contact:** Protect unexposed eye.Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes.Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing.Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

**After swallowing:** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort, or vomiting persists. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation- all routes of exposure. Headache. Nausea. Shortness of breath.; Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing agents: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### Advice for firefighters:

**Protective equipment:** Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

**Additional information (precautions):** Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

### SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational.

# **Environmental precautions:**

Should not be released into environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.Always obey local regulations. Containerize for disposal. Refer to Section 13.If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Evacuate personnel to

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 10.24.2014 Page 3 of 6

#### **Cetyl Alcohol**

safe areas. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal.

#### Reference to other sections:

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from direct sunlight. Provide ventilation for containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials.

# **SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection**





Control Parameters: , , ACGIH TLV TWA:10mg/m3 (inhalable particles)

, , OSHA PEL TWA: 15 mg/m3 (total dust)

Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational

Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

**Respiratory protection:** Not required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment

shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as

a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH

approved breathing equipment.

**Protection of skin:** Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select

glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear

protective clothing.

**Eye protection:** Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under

appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

**General hygienic measures:** Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and at the end

of work. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Before wearing

wash contaminated clothing.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance (physical state,color):	White solid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined Not determined
Odor:	Odorless to faint odor	Vapor pressure:	6X10-6 mm Hg at 25 deg C

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 10.24.2014 Page 4 of 6

# **Cetyl Alcohol**

Odor threshold:	Not determined	Vapor density:	8.36
pH-value:	Not determined	Relative density:	Not determined
Melting/Freezing point:	45-50C	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water. Slightly soluble in alcohol; soluble in acetone; very soluble in ether, benzene, chloroform
Boiling point/Boiling range:	344C	Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Log Kow 6.65
Flash point (closed cup):	160C	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	Not determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not determined     b. Dynamic: Not determined
Density: 0.8176 g/cm3 at 50 °C			

**Density**: 0.8176 g/cm3 at 50 °C

Specific Gravity: :0.81

# SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:**Nonreactive under normal conditions. **Chemical stability:**Stable under normal conditions.

**Possible hazardous reactions:** None under normal processing. **Conditions to avoid:** Incompatible materials. Excess heat

**Incompatible materials:**Oxidizing agents **Hazardous decomposition products:** 

# **SECTION 11 : Toxicological information**

Acute Toxicity:			
Oral:	36653-82-4	LD50 oral-rat: 5000mg/kg	
Chronic Toxi	city: No additional information.		
Corrosion Irr	itation: No additional information.		
Sensitization:		No additional information.	
Single Target Organ (STOT):		No additional information.	
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.	
Carcinogenicity:		No additional information.	
Mutagenicity:		No additional information.	
Reproductive Toxicity:		No additional information.	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 10.24.2014 Page 5 of 6

#### **Cetyl Alcohol**

**Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability:** 

Bioaccumulative potential:

Mobility in soil:

Other adverse effects:

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste disposal recommendations:

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN-Number**

Not Regulated.

# **UN** proper shipping name

Not Regulated.

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group: Not Regulated

**Environmental hazard:** 

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

## SECTION 15 : Regulatory information

## **United States (USA)**

# SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

## SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

# RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

### TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

## CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

None of the ingredients is listed

## Proposition 65 (California):

#### Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

## Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

# Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

**Effective date**: 10.24.2014 Page 6 of 6

#### **Cetyl Alcohol**

None of the ingredients is listed

### Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

#### Canada

# Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

### Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

# Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

# Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

**Effective date**: 10.24.2014 **Last updated**: 03.19.2015