Lead Acetate, Trihydrate

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 02/20/2015 Revision date: 11/08/2017 Supersedes: 11/08/2017 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form	:	Substance
Substance name	:	Lead Acetate, Trihydrate
Chemical name	:	Lead (II) acetate, trihydrate
CAS-No.	:	6080-56-4
Product code	:	1.4110
Formula	:	(CH3COO)2Pb·3H2O

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	:	For laboratory and manufacturing use only.
Recommended use	:	Laboratory chemicals
Restrictions on use	:	Not for food, drug or household use

1.3. Supplier

NEUTRON PHARMACHEMICAL CO

98, 9th Floor, Borjsaz Building, Azadi Ave, Tehran, Iran.
T 021-66906732-3 - F 021-66581408
info@neutronpharmachemical.com -
www.neutronpharmachemical.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 125

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Reproductive toxicity Category 1A	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs (kidneys, liver, blood, brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS08 GHS09

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys, liver, blood, brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe dust
P273 - Avoid release to the environment
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
P314 - Get medical advice and attention if you feel unwell
P391 - Collect spillage

P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 6080-56-4	100	Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Obtain medical assistance. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No additional information available

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves. Dust mask.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Minimize generation of dust. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid breathing dust.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ as Pb
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ as Pb
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³ as Pb
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ as Pb

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Material should be handled in a laboratory hood whenever possible.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Safety glasses.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection not required in normal conditions

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Appearance	:	Crystalline solid.
Color	:	Colourless or white
Odor	:	None.
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	75 °C
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Specific gravity / density	:	2.55 g/cm³
Solubility	:	Soluble in water. Water: 84 g/100ml
Log Pow	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	200 °C
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Lead oxide. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure	:	Inhalation; Skin and eye contact
Acute toxicity	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs (kidneys, liver, blood, brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1616 Lead acetate, 6.1, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1616
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Lead acetate
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 6.1 - Class 6.1 - Poisonous materials 49 CFR 173.132
Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT) : 6.1 - Poison inhalation hazard

Dangerous for the environment : Yes

Marine pollutant	:	Yes

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	213
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	240
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	IB8 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2). IP3 - Flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner. T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2) TP33 - The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness, maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	153
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	100 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	200 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate	CAS-No. 6080-56-4	100%

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Lead Acetate, Trihydrate (6080-56-4)
Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 11/08/2017

Other information : None.

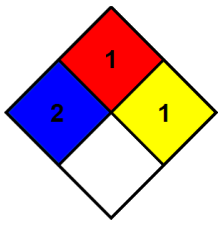
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Personal protection : F

F - Safety glasses, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Dust respirator

SDS US LabChem

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