



# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 10/29/2004

Revision date: 07/14/2020

Supersedes: 03/23/2017

Version: 1.2

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate
CAS-No.	: 6381-92-6
Product code	: 1.1600
Formula	: C10H14N2O8Na2·2H2O
Synonyms	: Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt, dihydrate

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	: For laboratory and manufacturing use only.
Recommended use	: Laboratory chemicals
Restrictions on use	: Not for food, drug or household use

#### 1.3. Supplier

NEUTRON PHARMACHEMICAL CO  
98, 9th Floor, Borjsaz Building, Azadi Ave, Tehran, Iran.  
T 021-66906732-3 - F 021-66581408  
[info@neutronpharmachemical.com](mailto:info@neutronpharmachemical.com) -  
[www.neutronpharmachemical.com](http://www.neutronpharmachemical.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 125

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	H302 Harmful if swallowed
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315 Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P261 - Avoid breathing dust.  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves.  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.  
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 6381-92-6	100	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).  
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed.  
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.  
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.  
Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.  
Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.  
Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Minimize generation of dust. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Avoid breathing dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed.  
Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers.  
Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Generation of airborne dust.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

##### Personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses. Gloves. Dust/aerosol mask.

##### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

##### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

##### Respiratory protection:

Dust formation: dust mask

##### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations



### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Powder.
Color	: white
Odor	: Odorless
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: 4 – 6 5% solution at 25°C
Melting point	: 252 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Molecular mass	: 372.23 g/mol
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: 11 g/100ml
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed.  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)	
LD50 oral rat	2000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	2000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.  
pH: 4 – 6 5% solution at 25°C  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.  
pH: 4 – 6 5% solution at 25°C  
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.  
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified  
Aspiration hazard : Not classified  
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available  
Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.  
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed.  
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.  
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 500 mg/l

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.  
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Not regulated

#### Transport by sea

Not regulated

#### Air transport

Not regulated

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)  
Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation  
Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

##### EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate (6381-92-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

### SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 07/14/2020

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

# EDTA, Disodium, Dihydrate

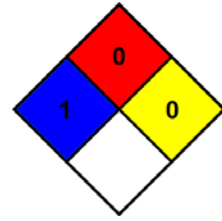
## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



### Hazard Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Personal protection : E

E - Safety glasses, Gloves, Dust respirator

SDS US LabChem

*Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and LabChem Inc assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.*