

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Neutron Pharmachemical Co. Manufacturer of Laboratory Chemical & Pharmaceutical Materials

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixtures

Product name : Sodium Hydroxide, 50% w/w

CAS-No. : 1310-73-2
Product code : 1.2020
Formula : NaOH

Synonyms : caustic soda 50% W/W / soda lye, 50%, aqueous solution / white caustic, 50%, aqueous

solution

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use Recommended use : Laboratory chemicals

Restrictions on use : Not for food, drug or household use

1.3. Supplier

NEUTRON PHARMACHEMICAL CO

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 125

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Category 1B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

H318

Causes serious eye damage

Hazardous to the aquatic

H402

Harmful to aquatic life

environment - Acute Hazard Category 3

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Dange

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray.

P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection. P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

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P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Sodium Hydroxide	(CAS-No.) 1310-73-2	50	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	50	Not classified

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid	measures	general
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- : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation
- Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact
- Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give activated charcoal. Do not give chemical antidote. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Risk of lung edema. Respiratory difficulties.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: Vomiting. Diarrhoea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES:

Disturbances of consciousness.

Chronic symptoms

: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: Adapt extinguishing media to the

environment. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a

fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard : INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity : Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): (increased) risk of fire. On heating: release of corrosive gases/vapours. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent exothermic reaction with

corrosive gases/vapours. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids. May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to

fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Dilute toxic gases with water

spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or

contain it

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air

apparatus. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. See "Material-Handling" to select

protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes. Large spills/in confined

spaces: consider evacuation. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity

hazard: consider evacuation.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill.

Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapour with water spray. Take

account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, saw dust, kieselguhr. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials.

Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Small quantities of liquid spill: neutralize with acid solution. Wash away neutralized product with plentiful water. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied.

Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle and open the container with care. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

: Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Hygiene measures

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Comply with applicable regulations. Technical measures

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible Storage conditions

materials. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products Strong bases. Strong acids.

: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Incompatible materials

Storage temperature : > 15 °C

KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. Heat-ignition

: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials. strong acids. metals. Prohibitions on mixed storage

Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. Protect against Storage area

frost. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal

requirements

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal Special rules on packaging

requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.

SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. nickel. polyethylene. polypropylene. glass. Packaging materials

stoneware/porcelain. MATERIAL TO AVOID: lead. aluminium. copper. tin. zinc. bronze.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. **Control parameters**

Sodium Hydroxide, 50% w/w (1310-73-2)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³	
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³	
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73	Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Sodium hydroxide; USA; Momentary value; TLV - Adopted Value)	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³	
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³	
Water (7732-18-5)			
Not applicable			

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face shield.









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Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: chlorinated polyethylene. styrene-butadiene rubber. nitrile rubber/PVC. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: PVA. natural fibres

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield. Face shield

Skin and body protection:

Corrosion-proof clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type B if conc. in air > exposure limit

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid.
Color : Colorless
Odor : Odorless

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 14 (8 %)
pH solution : 8 %
Melting point : 12 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : 143 °C

Flash point : Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable.
Vapor pressure : 1.2 hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 1.5
Specific gravity / density : 1525 kg/m³

Solubility : Exothermically soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in glycerol.

Water: Complete

: 40 g/mol

Log Pow : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : 79 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosion limits : No data available
Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

9.2. Other information

Molecular mass

Minimum ignition energy : Not applicable

VOC content : Not applicable (inorganic)

Other properties : Clear. Hygroscopic. Slightly volatile. Substance has basic reaction.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): (increased) risk of fire. On heating: release of corrosive gases/vapours. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids. May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours

10.2. **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions. Absorbs atmospheric CO2. Hygroscopic. Not established.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid**

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

Incompatible materials

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

Strong acids. metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

Sodium oxide. Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact

Entory routed or expodure	. Our and by contact
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
ATE US (dermal)	1350 mg/kg body weight
Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	90000 mg/kg body weight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 14 (8 %)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 14 (8 %)
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Risk of lung edema. Respiratory difficulties.

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Disturbances of consciousness.

: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.

: Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Vomiting. Diarrhoea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES:

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Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Ecology - air	: Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006).
Ecology - water	: Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 200 mg/l (sodium) (Directive 98/83/EC). Harmful to fishes. Harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia). pH shift.
Sodium Hudravida (1210 72 2)	

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 fish 1	45.4 mg/l (LC50; Other; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sodium Hydroxide, 50% w/w (1310-73-2)	um Hydroxide, 50% w/w (1310-73-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the components available.	
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the substance available.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sodium Hydroxide, 50% w/w (1310-73-2)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s).
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Bioaccumulative potential No bioaccumulation data available.	
Water (7732-18-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations
 : Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle/reuse. Remove for physico-chemical/biological treatment. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.
 Additional information
 : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 05. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.
 Ecology - waste materials
 : Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1824 Sodium hydroxide solution, 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1824

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Sodium hydroxide solution

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are

not authorized.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal........... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C

(59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 30 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 52 - Stow "separated from" acids
Other information : No supplementary information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Sodium Hydroxide, 50% w/w (1310-73-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 1000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard	

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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 02/07/2017 Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

text of Figure 3. See Section 10.		
H312	Harmful in contact with skin	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

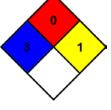
NFPA fire hazard

: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as

concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

Health

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical

: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

: H

Personal protection

H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

SDS US LabChem

Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and LabChem Inc assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.

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